Reading Assessment Overview



Guidance on Using the Assessments

The Twinkl reading assessments have been written to support teachers in assessing children's progress within the different content areas of the programmes of study for the 2014 English national curriculum.

The assessments reflect the content of the KS2 English sample reading tests, published July 2015. Questions and accepted responses in each set of assessments reflects year group expectations. If necessary, children working significantly below or above expectations may be assessed using materials for year groups above or below that to which they belong. (Although it should be noted that the government has specified that children should be adding depth and breadth to their knowledge and engaging in using and applying rather than accelerated content).

As part of the reforms brought in with the latest version of the national curriculum (2014), there are no longer national threshold descriptors (i.e. 'levels') to follow. This has been done to provide teachers greater flexibility in how they plan and assess pupils' learning. Due to this, Twinkl does not include any threshold information with our assessment resources.

When to Use the Assessments

There is an assessment for each term. The assessments are not progressive, i.e. they are all written at the same level of questioning, enabling them to be used in any order. The assessments may be broken down into mini-tests (fiction, non-fiction and poetry) if necessary.

The Twinkl reading assessments are intended to be used alongside the tracking spreadsheet. This will enable you to analyse any gaps in understanding and skills for individuals or for your class as a whole.

Each assessment may be used:

- before the start of a new term to assess strengths and weaknesses pupils may have in order to inform planning;
- during a term to assess how pupils are progressing;
- at the end of a term to assess progress within a particular area.

Content of the Assessments

In line with the KS2 sample tests, the Twinkl reading assessments:

- include a selection of texts (fiction, non-fiction and poetry) totalling between 1500-2300 words
- have a total of 50 marks;
- include a range of one mark, two mark and three mark questions;
- use a range of question types in the proportions as specified by the KS2 sample reading tests (see below);
- address all content domains in the proportions as specified by the KS2 sample reading tests (see below).

Question Type

Selected Response	10-30% (5 to 15 marks)	Multiple choice, Ranking/ ordering; Matching; Labelling
Short Constructed Response	40-60% (20 to 30 marks)	Find and copy; Short response
Extended Constructed Response	20-40% (10 to 20 marks)	Open-ended response

Content Domain

These are the reading skills identified by the Government to be targeted within assessments.

Content domain reference	
2a give / explain the meaning of words in context	5-10 marks
2b retrieve and record information / identify key details from fiction and non-fiction	8-25 marks
2c summarise main ideas from more than one paragraph	1-6 marks
2d make inferences from the text / explain and justify inferences with evidence from the text	8-25 marks
2e predict what might happen from details stated and implied	0-3 marks
2f identify / explain how information / narrative content is related and contributes to meaning as a whole	0-3 marks
2g identify / explain how meaning is enhanced through choice of words and phrases	0-3 marks
2h make comparisons within the text	0-3 marks

Delivery of the Assessments

Answers and suggested responses can be found in the mark scheme which accompanies each test.

Each pupil requires a reading booklet and an answer booklet. No additional materials are required in any of the assessments.

All the assessments are suitable for class delivery although they can be given to smaller groups if required.

The Standards and Testing Agency state that a total time of 60 minutes will be allowed for completion of the KS2 Reading Assessment in Y6. This includes time for reading and responding to questions. As the Twinkl reading assessments have been based on the KS2 Reading Assessment sample papers, a similar time may be given, but this is up to you.

Tracking from the Assessments

Each assessment can be used alongside the corresponding reading assessment spreadsheet to track an individual pupil's progress.

The content domain being tested is clearly referenced on the mark scheme. This links directly to the spreadsheet.

The spreadsheet has been set up with conditional formatting so that inputting the numbers 1/2/3 will turn the cells green/orange/red. Using the colour coding: green for achieved, amber for partly achieved and red for not achieved, teachers will have an `at a glance' picture of a child's needs or any common areas of strength or weakness within the class in order to inform future planning.

Used alongside teacher judgements and exercise books, a clear picture of a child's progress can be built up and used as evidence for parents, pupil progress meetings or any outside agencies visiting school.

Reading Booklet

Year 6 Reading Assessment - Poetry



The Charge of the Light Brigade

Regent Studies | www.regentstudies.com

The Charge of the Light Brigade

Half a league, half a league, Half a league onward, All in the valley of Death Rode the six hundred. "Forward, the Light Brigade! Charge for the guns!" he said. Into the valley of Death Rode the six hundred.

Π

"Forward, the Light Brigade!" Was there a man dismayed? Not though the soldier knew Someone had blundered. Theirs not to make reply, Theirs not to reason why, Theirs but to do and die. Into the valley of Death Rode the six hundred.

ш

Cannon to right of them, Cannon to left of them, Cannon in front of them Volleyed and thundered; Stormed at with shot and shell, Boldly they rode and well, Into the jaws of Death, Into the mouth of hell Rode the six hundred.

By Alfred,

Lord Tennyson

IV

Flashed all their sabres bare, Flashed as they turned in air Sabring the gunners there, Charging an army, while All the world wondered. Plunged in the battery-smoke Right through the line they broke; Cossack and Russian

Reeled from the sabre stroke Shattered and sundered. Then they rode back, but not Not the six hundred.

V

Cannon to right of them, Cannon to left of them, Cannon behind them Volleyed and thundered; Stormed at with shot and shell, While horse and hero fell. They that had fought so well Came through the jaws of Death, Back from the mouth of hell, All that was left of them, Left of six hundred.

VI

When can their glory fade? O the wild charge they made! All the world wondered. Honour the charge they made! Honour the Light Brigade, Noble six hundred!

Year 6 Reading Assessment Poetry Answer Booklet

First Name				
Middle Name				
Last Name				
Date of Birth	Day	Month	Year	
School Name				
DfE Number				



Questions 15 to 23 are about 'The Charge of the Light Brigade'		
15. How many soldiers 'rode' in verse I?	_	1 mark
	• •	
16. 'Half a league, half a league, Half a league onward'		
These lines use the repetition of a phrase for effect.		2 marks
Find and copy two more phrases that are repeated in verse I.		
1	_	
2	_	
	• •	
Look at verse II		
17. Find and copy a phrase which suggests a mistake had been made.		
	_	1 mark
	• •	
18. Which word is used to rhyme with brigade?		
	_	1 mark
	• •	
		total for

19. Look at these lines:

'Theirs not to make reply, Theirs not to reason why, Theirs but to do and die.'

What does this tell you about the attitude of the soldiers?

•••••••••••••••••		
20. Look at these lines:		
'Boldly they rode and well, Into the jaws of Death'		2 marks
What do you think is meant by this?		
	_	
	_	
	_	
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
Look at verse VI		
21. Find and copy a word which suggests the poet believes we should admire the soldiers and		
regard them with great respect.		1 mark
	_	
		total for
		this page

2 marks

22. Order these events from the poem. The first one has been done for you.

The brigade rode back but some men had been killed.

The soldiers all followed the order and rode forward.

The order was given to charge forward.

The enemy were waiting and shot at the soldiers.

23. Look at these lines:
Imark

'Cannon to right of them,
Cannon behind them
Volleyed and thundered'
Imark

Which of these statements best summarise the situation being described? Tick one.
Imark

The soldiers did not have any cannons.
Imark

The brigade did not know about the enemy cannons.
Imark

The soldiers were surrounded by enemy cannons.
Imark

There was a storm with thunder and lightning.
Imark

1 mark

total for this page

End of questions about 'The Charge of the Light Brigade'

END OF TEST

English	KS2	2016
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Year 6 Reading Assessment Marking Scheme for Poetry

Year 6 Reading Assessment: Poetry

question	answer	marks	notes		
15.	How many soldiers 'rode ' in verse !?				
	600/six hundred	1	Content domain: 2b - retrieve and record information / identify key details from fiction and non-fiction. Award 1 mark for the correct answer indicated. Accept answer in words or figures.		
16.	 'Half a league, half a league, I Half a league onward' 16. These lines use the repetition of a phrase for effect. Find and copy two more phrases that are repeated in verse I. 				
	The valley of death Rode the six hundred	Up to 2	Content domain: 2b - retrieve and record information / identify key details from fiction and non-fiction. Award 1 mark for each correct phrase.		
17.	Find and copy a phrase which sugges	ts a mistake	had been made.		
	Someone had blundered	1	Content domain: 2a - give/explain the meaning of words in context. Award 1 mark for the correct answer indicated.		
18.	Which word is used to rhyme with brigade?				
	Dismayed	1	Content domain: 2b - retrieve and record information / identify key details from fiction and non-fiction. Award 1 mark for the correct answer indicated.		
19.	Look at these lines: 'Theirs not to make reply, I Theirs not to reason why, I Theirs but to do and die.' What does this tell you about the attitude of the soldiers?				
	the soldiers' attitude was to follow any orders given, even if they did not agree with them the soldiers were not allowed to question the orders or disagree with them, they just had to do as they were told. the soldiers were willing to die for their country, following the orders or They had to follow orders	Up to 2	Content domain: 2g - Identify/explain how meaning is enhanced through choice of words and phrases. Award 2 marks for an answer that conveys the unquestioning commitment of the soldiers to follow orders, regardless of the consequences. Award 1 mark if the attitude is mentioned without reference to the consequence.		

20.	Look at these lines: 'Boldly they rode and well, I Into the jaws of Death' What do you think is meant by this?				
	The soldiers were brave and rode well, even though they were likely to be killed. Riding into the jaws of death tells us that the brigade were doomed but they still showed courage.	Up to 2	 Content domain: 2d - make inferences from the text / explain and justify inferences with evidence from the text. Award 1 mark for acknowledging the soldiers' courage or bravery. Award 1 mark for referencing the inevitable death or fatal consequences for the brigade. Do not accept answers which copy directly from the text, without offering further explanation. 		
21.	Find and copy a word which suggests the poet believes we should admire the soldiers and regard them with great respect.				
	honour	1	Content domain: 2a - give / explain the meaning of words in context. Award 1 mark for the correct answer indicated.		
22.	Order these events from the poem. The first one has been done for you.				
	The brigade rode back but some men had been killed - 4 The soldiers all followed the order and rode forward - 2 The order was given to charge forward - 1 The enemy were waiting and shot at the soldiers - 3	1	Content domain: 2b - retrieve and record information / identify key details from fiction and non-fiction. Award 1 mark for all events correctly ordered.		
23.	Look at these lines: 'Cannon to right of them, I Cannon to left of them, I Cannon behind them I Volleyed and thundered' Which of these statements best summarise the situation being described? Tick one .				
	The soldiers were surrounded by enemy cannons.	1	 Content domain: 2d - make inferences from the text / explain and justify inferences with evidence from the text. Award 1 mark for the correct option indicated. 		
		Total 12			